Edward Byrne Memorial State & Local Law Enforcement Assistance Formula Grant Program

General Application Guidelines

The Nevada Office of Criminal Justice Assistance (OCJA), a division of the Department of Public Safety, administers the Edward Byrne Memorial State & Local Law Enforcement Assistance Formula Grant program (Byrne). This program provides financial assistance to state and local units of government for programs to improve the criminal justice system involving usage and sales of controlled substances and the associated violent crime.

Eligible Applicants

Funds are awarded to state agencies and units of local government for criminal justice programs. A unit of government is a city, county, town, township, or other general purpose political subdivision of a state, and includes Indian tribes performing law enforcement functions as decided by the Secretary of the Interior. A city or county is considered the legal applicant and recipient on behalf of a police department, sheriff's department, local correction's office, treatment facility, prosecutor's office, etc.

A Nonprofit, 501(C)(3) organization <u>must</u> obtain a local governmental unit as a sponsor. Nonprofits must also list all of their funding sources. The governmental unit is required to be the recipient of funds as a pass through unit and ensure all grant requirements are accomplished. <u>This includes project and financial management</u>.

Funding Areas

The choice of programs and purpose areas for which funds will be awarded is based on the Bureau of Justice Assistance 29 Authorized Purpose Areas and the Nevada 2004-2007 Statewide Strategy for Drug Control, Violence Prevention and Systems Improvement. The Bureau of Justice Assistance outlines the programs Byrne funds are able to address. However, funding preference will be given to those Applications addressing the priority areas outlined herein.

Grant Commencement and Duration

Grants will be awarded for a twelve-month period. Projects will commence July 1, 2004, and conclude June 30, 2005. Congress has imposed a maximum funding period of 48 months for projects funded under the Byrne Program. The purpose of the **Four Year Rule** is to encourage innovative programming. In those cases where an existing project has been funded and the same applicant is applying for additional funds, BJA has established general guidelines in determining what is and what is not a new program. Multi-jurisdictional drug and gang task forces are an exception to the **Four Year Rule**.

Recipients must reapply for their grant each year. There is no guarantee programs will be funded for the 48-month period. Applicants must indicate this is a continuing program.

It is the policy of OCJA that project implementation must be initiated within sixty (60) days from the starting date indicated on the grant award. Requests for an exception to this rule must be justified and submitted in writing to OCJA. The subgrantee jeopardizes losing the award if the project does not commence prior to the sixty day rule.

Match Requirements

Federal funds may be used to pay up to 75% of the <u>total cost</u> of a program or project for the first two years, with a 25% cash match. The third and fourth years require a 50% match (Multi-Jurisdictional Task Forces and Multi-Jurisdictional Gang Task Forces are exceptions). The required match is based on the total amount of the project <u>not</u> on the requested federal funds. The state or local match must be in the form of actual money. Grants to Indian tribes do not require a match. FEDERAL FUNDS CANNOT BE USED AS MATCH FOR THIS FEDERAL PROGRAM.

The minimum match amount can be determined by dividing the federal allocation by three and rounding up to the nearest dollar increment.

Example: The Byrne (federal) allocation = \$5,000. \$5,000 divided by three = \$1,666.66 or \$1,667 cash match.

\$5,000 (Byrne) + \$1,667 (match) = \$6,667 (Total of Grant)

A cash match consists of:

- 1. Local and state appropriations
- 2. Funds contributed from private resources
- 3. Asset forfeiture funds

Grant Review and Selection Process

Each Application must have ALL the components, and ALL the <u>required copies</u> as outlined in the following section, or it will <u>not</u> be considered for review. All <u>eligible</u> Applications will be reviewed, evaluated, and <u>competitively</u> scored by an independent review committee on the merit of the project and its relationship to the priority areas described within this Request for Application.

The committee will carefully review the Goals & Objectives section of your Application. To avoid disqualification objectives <u>must be measurable</u>. If you have any questions, contact an OCJA Program Manager for guidance.

Non-Supplantation of Funds

Funds required to pay the non-federal (match) portion of the cost of each project shall be in addition to funds which would otherwise be available for the project. An agency's overall budget cannot decrease because of the federal grant.

Reporting Requirements

Fiscal Reports: A Fiscal Report of grant expenditures is required monthly whether or not there were expenditures for the grant. The report is due within 15 days from the last day of the month. Failure to submit fiscal reports will prevent grant payments and may jeopardize grant continuation.

Progress Reports: Quarterly progress reports are required of subgrantees. Failure to submit progress reports will jeopardize grant continuation. Quarterly reports are due 30 days after the close of each quarter. The final report is due by August 30th.

REQUEST FOR APPLICATION

INSTRUCTIONS

This Request for Application (RFA) provides the necessary forms, instructions, and general information essential for an eligible government agency to apply for grant funds. To receive the maximum number of points available, the application MUST BE COMPLETED CORRECTLY.

<u>Submission Deadline</u> - Applications for federal fiscal year 2004 must be hand delivered or postmarked by **4:00 PM**, **Friday**, **March 19**, **2004**.

Applications will not be accepted after this date. NO EXCEPTIONS

An **original and four (4) copies** of the completed Application should be mailed or delivered to:

Mail to:
OFFICE OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
555 WRIGHT WAY
CARSON CITY, NV 89711-0910

Hand Deliver to:
OFFICE OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE
808 WEST NYE LANE
CARSON CITY, NV 89703

OCJA will not make copies for you.

Each Application must be securely stapled in the top left-hand corner. **DO NOT** bind Applications in notebooks, plastic bindings, or specially printed covers. Use 12 point font when preparing the Application.

Application Packet - A **complete** Request for Application must include **all** of the following on the forms provided:

- Part 1. Title Page (5 points)
- Part 2. Application Checklist (2 points)
- Part 3. General Overview (13 points)
- Part 4. Problem Statement (15 points)
- Part 5. Goals and Objectives (15 points)
- Part 6. Method (15 points)
- Part 7. Evaluation/Internal Assessment (13 points)
- Part 8. Budget Information (itemized and narrative) (15 points)
- Part 9. Statement of Coordination (5 points)
- Part 10. Signed Certifications (2 points)

Availability of Matching Funds and Fiscal Responsibilities - A commitment for matching funds must be made before implementation of the project. All recipients of federal funding are required to establish and maintain accounting systems and financial records to accurately account for funds awarded to them. These records must

include both federal funds and all matching funds. Accounting systems for all federal projects **must** ensure the following:

- 1. Byrne grant funds are **NOT** commingled with funds from other federal grant sources.
- 2. The accounting system presents and classifies historical cost of the grant as required for budgetary and auditing purposes.
- 3. Funds specifically budgeted and/or received for one project cannot be used to support another.

All grant awards are subject to audits during and within three years after the award.

Allowable Expenses

- Project personnel salaries and benefits, including overtime pay.
- Equipment necessary for implementation of the program.
- Building rental.
- Project personnel travel/training.
- Supplies & Operating expenses directly related to project operation.
- Professional services (including contractors and consultants).

Unallowable Expenses

- T Business Cards
- T Late Charges
- T Membership Dues
- T Newspaper Subscriptions
- T Indirect Costs
- T Land/Building Acquisition
- T Construction
- T Rental Cars unless previously justified and approved by OCJA
- T Bonuses, Commissions, Gifts and Incentives
- T Military-type Equipment
- T Lobbying
- T Fund Raising
- T Legal Fees
- T Supplanting: federal funds must be used to supplement existing funds for program activities and not replace those funds which have been appropriated for the same purpose
- T Any expenditure not directly related to the program
- T Sales tax

GRANT PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS

READ CAREFULLY

Part 1. TITLE PAGE (Mandatory Form) – (5 points)

Complete as instructed on reverse side

Part 2. Application CHECKLIST (Mandatory Form) – (2 points)

The Application checklist must appear immediately following the title page in your Application packet. A completed checklist assures this office and the review committee that all aspects of this RFA have been addressed.

Part 3. GENERAL OVERVIEW / INTRODUCTION – (13 points)

This area is to outline the main focus of your grant program, giving overall details of your program and what your program will accomplish. <u>Statistical information is not necessary in this section</u>. If this is a continuation program, include past and present accomplishments and future plans. Be brief. Be specific. Avoid jargon. Keep it simple. Establish who you are and what activities you perform.

Limit to 1 typewritten page, single spaced, 12 point font

Part 4. PROBLEM STATEMENT – (15 points)

The problem statement is a written presentation that describes all aspects of a problem including its nature, magnitude, severity, rate of change, persons/entities affected, and geographic scope. The problem statement must clearly describe and substantiate the overall problem to be addressed by the project.

The problem statement should be in narrative form and include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- a description of the geographic areas (s) affected;
- a description of the problem your project will address;
- documentation of the problem (statistical data);
- a description of the factors contributing to the problem and how they contribute to the problem;
- what or who the problem affects;
- under what circumstances the problem occurs;

- other efforts presently being made to assist in alleviating the problem (existing programs or services);
- an explanation of how the project will work and address the problem.

The problem statement should include appropriate statistics which document the problem (i.e. arrest rates, conviction rates, probation rates, incarceration rates, number of individuals receiving treatment, etc.). Demonstrate rates of increase or decrease in the problem by showing the percentage of change for a period of time covering at least two or more years. Document percentages of change with actual numbers (i.e., From 1990 to 1991, drug arrests increased 100%; 1991 - 100 arrests; 1992 - 200 arrests).

Limit your problem statement to 2 typewritten pages, single spaced, 12 pt. font

Part 5. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES – (15 points)

Project Goals: This section should contain a separate discussion of each of the program goals and its accompanying objectives. The goals are general statements of the desired results or anticipated outcome of the program. They should address the problem identified in the problem statement. The goals should be generic enough to encompass more than one project and be both realistic and achievable.

- What do you want to achieve?
- Explain the goal(s) of the project in simple, straightforward terms. **One or two** overall goals are sufficient.
- The goal(s) should identify intended impacts or outcomes and the results the program has been established to achieve.
- Each goal should have one or more objectives describing how you intend to reach that goal.
- Be realistic. Don't try to achieve world peace.
- State your goals in such a way a determination of whether or not they are being achieved is possible.
- Your goals should tie into your problem statement and outcome evaluation.

Project Objectives: Each goal should have <u>one to three objectives and no more than four</u>. The objectives are the specific approaches to achieving each of the goals. Objectives focus on the methods/activities to be used to address the problem; they should be clearly stated, realistic, and <u>measurable</u>. The measurements will be used in the evaluation of the project. The accomplishment of objectives should result in the achievement of the goals they support.

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Answer these questions in each objective:

C WHAT you will do?

C WHY you believe your chosen approach is valid?

C WHO will do the tasks and what are they responsible for?

C WHEN will the activity be implemented?

C INCLUDE a timetable; it demonstrates you have thought your program through.

C AVOID the words might, if, could, should, would.
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Objectives describe:

- How you will achieve your goal(s)?
- The activities necessary to accomplish your goals.
- The objective in terms that can be measured, qualified, quantified and evaluated.
- A timetable, where applicable, of when each objective will be met.

Tip: Your goals and objectives should tie into the evaluation process. Both of these sections will connect with your quarterly progress reports. Don't have too many objectives, i.e. more than four is too many. Remember you must report on the progress of every objective quarterly.

Part 6. METHODS OF ACCOMPLISHMENT – (15 points)

- How do you intend to solve the problem or improve the situation?
- Discuss how your approach method will improve the situation and explain why this activity is being pursued.
- Provide a narrative showing how Byrne funding will impact or solve the stated problem.
- Specific need for training must be identified.
- These must tie to each goal and objective.

Limit your Methods of Accomplishment to 2 typewritten pages, single spaced, 12 pt. font

Tip: There should be no surprises in your methods. Objectives fully disclose your intentions and your methods are simply an extension of your objectives.

Part 7. PROJECT EVALUATION/INTERNAL ASSESSMENT/CONTINUATION PLAN – (13 points)

Your evaluation must tie to your objectives. If you have difficulty in determining what criteria to use in evaluating your program, better take another look at your objectives.

- T How will you know the project is working?
- T How will you determine if you are meeting your objectives?

Every project design must include an evaluation plan to determine whether the project is accomplishing its objectives. The evaluation should be designed to provide an objective and independent assessment of the effectiveness or usefulness of the program.

Provide a plan to determine whether the project accomplished the goals and objectives it was designed to meet. The plan should present the qualifications of the evaluator. Describe the criteria used to evaluate the project's effectiveness.

Consider using an outside evaluator if at all possible. This will make your results more credible.

Sooner or later grant funds will run out. If you can make a case to local government to pick up the tab, your case will be stronger if armed with positive results and proven statistics.

Part 8. BUDGET INFORMATION – (15 points)

BUDGET COVER PAGE - All project costs should relate directly to the tasks described in the Methods. The Budget Cover Page will be a simple line item budget identifying the following categories as they apply to your program:

- 1. Personnel costs (all costs related to salary, benefits, etc.)
- 2. Consultant/Contractual Services (costs must not exceed the federal limitation of \$450 for an 8-hour day or \$56.25 per hour)
- 3. Travel AND Training Costs (travel, transportation, room costs, meals, parking, etc.) *Note: State per diem rates will prevail unless local rates are less.*
- 4. Supplies/Operating Expenses
- 5. Confidential/Buy Funds
- 6. Equipment

Miscellaneous and *Other* are not considered costs. If these terms are used in any category, the corresponding cost will be deducted.

Round off budget figures - do not use cents. All budgets are subject to OCJA modifications and approval. Fill out ALL pages completely. Estimate ALL costs to the nearest dollar.

The budget form contains space for the budget justification (use additional sheet if necessary). This justification should include the details of how the amounts presented in the budget were determined. Specific instructions for completing each section of the budget are included on the budget pages. If you have questions or concerns related to how to complete the budget pages, please call (775) 687-3700 or an OCJA Program Manager for assistance (contacts).

When reviewing your budget, ask "Is this budget reasonable? Are these items necessary to the success of our program?" If you previously had a Byrne grant, look at the budget for the last 2 years versus this requested budget. Are you duplicating purchases from previous years?

BUDGET NARRATIVE - This is an explanation of the line items identified for each category on the BUDGET COVER PAGE. Briefly define the relationship between the budgeted items listed within each category and the project activities.

Each Budget Category must be addressed separately as follows:

Category A - PERSONNEL COSTS

This category refers to wages and fringe benefits for regular or part-time salaried employees. Other persons working on the project who are not on the regular payroll must be classified either as contractual or consultant. This category also includes overtime payments for various program activities.

Do not request federal funding for an employee already on the payroll unless he/she will be replaced by another person who is hired to augment regular agency staff during the time the existing employee spends working on project activities. A regular employee, however, may be paid overtime on the project. Salaries may not exceed those normally paid for comparable positions in the community and/or the unit of government associated with the project.

Instructions for Completing Budget Forms

- 1. **Direct Salaries and Overtime** Write in the title or position of each new employee or each existing employee who will earn overtime for <u>grant-related activities</u> or will be compensated with Byrne funds during training sessions. Across from each position/job title listed, write in the annual salary for a new employee or the overtime wage (dollar/hour) for the position, percent of time to be devoted to the project (for a new employee) or number of overtime hours and the total cost for the position. At the bottom of Section I, write in the total of the funds requested.
- 2. Fringe Benefits All fringe benefits are to be listed on the budget pages and will be included in the total personnel costs.
- **3. Total Personnel** Write in the total requested.
- **4. Personnel Budget Narrative** A brief statement explaining the cost basis for each position, including federal and matching funds, is required. Explain how each position is related to and essential to the project.

Category B - CONSULTANT/CONTRACTUAL SERVICES

- 1. **Individuals** Complete Section 1 for individuals not on the regular payroll who will be reimbursed for professional services.
 - **a.** Consultant Fees For each individual consultant, enter the name, if known, service to be provided, hourly fee and estimated time on the project in hours. Fees must not exceed federal guidelines (\$450 per 8 hr. day or \$56.25/hour).
 - **b.** Consultant Expenses List all expenses to be paid from the grant to individual consultants in addition to fees on the line number which corresponds to the line number of each consultant listed in subsection a. List the rates used to calculate travel, meal and other expenses. Cost may not exceed the state rate.
- 2. Total Consultant Costs Enter the total costs for all independent consultant fees and expenses.
- **3.** Consultants and Contractors Budget Narrative A narrative is required explaining the basis or criteria for selection of each consultant and describing how the service to be provided is essential to the project.

Note: All procurement transactions, whether negotiated or competitively bid, and without regard to dollar value, shall be conducted in a manner so as to provide maximum open and free competition. **Sole source contracts/consultant services must be approved by the Office of Criminal Justice Assistance.**

Category C - TRAVEL EXPENSES

- 1. **In-State Travel** List each anticipated in-state trip outside the local jurisdiction stating the purpose of the trip, destination, and total. Breakdown of per diem costs must be included.
- 2. Out-of-State Travel List each anticipated out-of-state trip stating the purpose of the trip, destination, and total cost (e.g. training, interview, operations, etc.) A breakdown of per diem costs must be included.
- 3. Total Travel Budget Enter the total cost of travel for the project (in-state + out-of-state).
- **4. Travel Budget Narrative** A narrative explaining the purpose of the travel and how it relates to the project.

Break out the costs of each in-state and out-of-state trip separately to show the specific costs of transportation, food, lodging, and other expenses. Remember, costs may not exceed the state rates. Indicate how the in-state and out-of-state trips are essential to the success of the project.

Per diem *	In-State Travel	Out-Of-State Travel
Breakfast - Breakfast may be claimed if travel begins at 6:30 AM or before.	\$ 5.50	\$ 5.50
Lunch - Lunch may be claimed if travel is between 11:30 AM-1:00 PM.	\$ 6.50	\$ 6.50
Dinner - Dinner may be claimed if travel status is 6:30 PM or later.	\$ 14.00	\$ 14.00
Incidental Expense (gratuities, tolls, etc.)	\$ 2.00 per day	\$ 2.00 per day
Lodging:	\$ 58.00	Training and/or conference hotel rate (Receipt must be submitted) **

^{*} Meals included in conference or meeting registration fees, or meals on airlines will not be reimbursed. Employees must be at least 15 miles from work station to claim reimbursement. (A copy of the agenda must be attached to claims for reimbursement.)

Current State mileage rates for personal vehicle usage will apply.

Travel begins from the time a person leaves their home/work station and ends when they arrive at their home/work station.

Travel/Training not budgeted will require justification and pre-approval by the OCJA program manager.

^{**} Excessive lodging rates must be justified and have prior OCJA approval.

CATEGORY D - SUPPLIES AND OPERATING EXPENSES

1. Supplies/Operating - This Section includes office supplies, forms, project supplies, repairs or maintenance supplies, and equipment items costing under \$300; essentially, material which is expendable or consumed during the course of the project.

List items of major type (i.e. postage, forms, office supplies, training materials, etc.) along with the quantity, unit cost, and total cost. Larger cost items should be listed separately and identified (e.g. special mailings, equipment items, etc.).

This section includes all operating expenses involving rental/lease arrangements and purchase of non-consultant type services.

For each item listed, enter the rate or unit cost.

- **2.** Total Supplies and Operating Expense Budget Enter the total costs for all supplies and operating expenses.
- **3. Supplies and Operating Expenses Budget Narrative** A narrative that describes the basis for arriving at the cost of items listed is required. If you rent or lease equipment or facilities, explain them in the narrative and include the rate for each in the budget. For Maintenance Agreements, detail each item covered under the contract.

Category E – Confidential Funds

Federal regulations must be followed for buy money and confidential informant funds. A "Special Conditions" form must be signed by the agency and kept on file if buy funds are awarded.

Category F - Equipment

List only those items that are to be purchased with Byrne grant funds. Do not include expendable items costing less than \$300 per unit. Do not include rental or lease equipment. Do not list brand names, rather, use the generic description of the item requested.

After each item listed, enter the quantity to be purchased, unit costs and total cost.

Equipment purchases must go through the OCJA Falcon's Nest Program. This will be outlined further in the "Special Conditions" form attached to your grant award.

- 1. Total Equipment Costs Enter the total cost of equipment for the project.
- **2. Equipment Budget Narrative** A narrative describing how the equipment will benefit the project, why it is necessary to the project and consequences of not purchasing the equipment.

Tip: After preparing the program narrative portion of the Application, it may be helpful to list the major activities/tasks required by the project. Note the individual expenses, including personnel time, related to each item. This will help ensure that for all activities/tasks described in the Application the related costs appear in the budget and are explained correctly in the budget narrative.

Part 9. STATEMENT OF COORDINATION – (5 points)

Will other agencies be involved or have an interest in your program? Who are they and what are their roles?

Multi-jurisdictional task forces must provide a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). MOU must contain details as to the disposition of equipment purchased with grant funds if the task force is dissolved. *MOU must be updated and signed annually. If a State of Nevada agency, an Inter-local Agreement must be submitted in lieu of an MOU.*

Many programs succeed due to the collaborated efforts of federal, state and/or local criminal justice, education, prevention, treatment and law enforcement agencies. Describe your efforts to coordinate, cooperate, or work with other entities to ensure the success of the project activities.

Part 10. CERTIFIED ASSURANCES/SIGNATURE FORMS – (2 points)

Five mandated forms must be properly signed for the Application to be valid. All forms can be found in the attachments.

- CERTIFIED ASSURANCES This two-page form must be signed by the Governmental Unit (i.e., Mayor, County Commissioner, City Supervisor) and the Applicant Agency (i.e., Police Chief, Sheriff, District Attorney, State Agency Director) for this Application to be valid. <u>If it is not possible to secure both signatures</u>, a statement must be included with the <u>Application certifying the signatures will be obtained by June 30, 2003</u>. If the fully executed form is not received by OCJA before June 30, 2003, the award may be canceled or prorated.
- 2. CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING LOBBYING; DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS; AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE REQUIREMENT Read carefully before signing. Please call this office at (775) 687-3700 if you have any questions (contacts).
- 3. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY PLAN FORM
- 4. IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE FORM All applicants must submit the INS assurance form included with this Application. It is required that all law enforcement agencies be in compliance and report to the INS when a suspected alien is arrested for a felony or deportable misdemeanor.
- 5. MITIGATION PLAN Clandestine Laboratory mitigation plan (if applicable).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A complete Application addresses each of the ten sections listed. If you should have any questions in the preparation of your Application, format or funding please call (775) 687-3700 or a program manager shown on the staff listing for assistance (contacts).

Appeals

Applicants whose requests are not funded have the right to appeal the decision. Any applicant whose Application has been filed according to the rules governing the grant process, and who is aggrieved by the awards made pursuant to these rules, may request an appeal based on showing that the rules governing the grant selection process have not been properly applied.

Requests for appeal must be filed with the Director, Nevada Department of Public Safety, 555 Wright Way, Carson City, Nevada 89711-0900, within seven working days of the notification of denial. Requests for appeal must be in writing and clearly state how the Office of Criminal Justice Assistance erred in following the administrative rules governing the grant process or the procedure outlined in the program RFA. The review will be conducted as expeditiously as possible so all funds can be distributed in a timely fashion. This procedure concludes the review process at the administrative level.

Avoid common pitfalls -

Ensure budget figures are mathematically correct, and the total of the budget summary matches the total on the title page;

Clearly indicate cash match amounts and the sources of the match;

Observe page limitations;

Use standard type size (12 point font);

Respond to all sections of the Application;

Remember any funds referred to as miscellaneous/other in the budget section will be disallowed;

Supply the required number of copies (one original and four (4) copies), without binding. If all required copies are not included, your grant cannot be accepted.;

BE SURE TO MEET THE APPLICATION DUE DATE OF MARCH 19, 2004

BYRNE

Drug Control and Systems Improvement Formula Grant Program

Legislatively Authorized Program Purposes

The Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq., Section 501, provides a general statement of the overall purposes of the Byrne Formula Grant Program and established 26 purpose areas that define the nature and scope of programs and projects that might be funded under it. Three other purpose areas have since been added. Frequently, Congress also uses other legislation (e.g., appropriations bills) to provide additional authorizations for limited periods (usually the current year only).

Together, these laws provide substantial authorization for programs that address drug control, violent and serious crime, all aspects of criminal justice processing (including incarceration and treatment of offenders), and general improvements in the justice system operations. However, some degree of overlap exists within several of these purpose areas and their corresponding program examples. The list below is, in part, an attempt to distinguish among them.

- 1. Demand-reduction education programs in which law enforcement officers participate.
- 2. Multijurisdictional task force programs to integrate federal, state, and local drug law enforcement agencies and prosecutors for the purpose of enhancing interagency coordination and intelligence and facilitating multijurisdictional investigations.
- 3. Programs to target the domestic sources of controlled and illegal substances, such as precursor chemicals, diverted pharmaceuticals, clandestine laboratories, and cannabis cultivations.
- 4. Community and neighborhood programs to assist citizens in preventing and controlling crime, including special programs that

- address crimes committed against the elderly and special programs in rural jurisdictions.
- 5. Programs to disrupt illicit commerce in stolen goods and property.
- 6. Programs to improve the investigation and prosecution of white-collar crime, organized crime, public corruption, and fraud against the government, with priority attention to cases involving official corruption.
- 7. a. Programs to improve the operational effectiveness of law enforcement through the use of crime analysis techniques, street sales enforcement, schoolyard violator programs, and gang-related and low-income housing drug control programs.
 - b. Programs to develop and implement antiterrorism plans for deep-draft ports, international airports, and other important facilities.
- 8. Career criminal prosecution programs, including the development of model drug control legislation.
- 9. Financial investigative programs to identify money laundering operations and assets obtained through illegal drug trafficking, including the development of model legislation, financial investigative training, and financial information-sharing systems.
- 10. Programs to improve the operational effectiveness of courts by expanding prosecutorial, defender and judicial resources and implementing court delay-reduction programs.
- Programs to improve the corrections system and provide additional public correctional resources, including treatment in prisons and jails, intensive supervision programs, and long-range corrections and sentencing strategies.

- 12. Prison industry projects to place inmates in a realistic working and training environment that enables them to develop marketable skills. With these skills, inmates are better able to support their families and themselves in the institution and make financial restitution to their victims.
- 13. Programs to identify and meet the treatment needs of adult and juvenile drug- and alcohol-dependent offenders.
- 14. Programs to provide assistance to jurors and witnesses and assistance (other than compensation) to victims of crime.
- 15. a. Programs to improve drug control technology, such as pretrial drug testing programs; to provide for the identification, assessment, referral to treatment, case management, and monitoring of drug-dependent offenders; and to enhance state and local forensic laboratories.
 - b. Criminal justice information systems (including automated fingerprint identification systems) to assist law enforcement, prosecution, courts, and corrections organizations.
- 16. Programs to demonstrate innovative approaches to enforcement, prosecution, and adjudication of drug offenses and other serious crimes.
- 17. Programs to address drug trafficking and the illegal manufacture of controlled substances in public housing.
- 18. Programs to improve the criminal and juvenile justice system's response to domestic and family violence, including spouse abuse, child abuse, and elder abuse.
- 19. Programs with which states and local units of government can evaluate state drug control projects.

- 20. Programs to provide alternatives to detention, jail, and prison for persons who pose no danger to the community.
- 21. Programs to strengthen urban enforcement and prosecution efforts targeted at street drug sales.
- 22. Programs to prosecute driving-whileintoxicated charges and enforce other laws relating to alcohol use and the operation of motor vehicles.
- 23. Programs to address the need for effective bindover systems for prosecuting violent 16- and 17-year-old juveniles in courts with jurisdiction over adults. (The crimes are specified.)
- 24. Law enforcement and prevention programs for gangs and youth that are involved or are at risk of gang involvement.
- 25. Programs to develop or improve forensic laboratory capability to analyze DNA for identification purposes.
- 26. Programs to develop and implement antiterrorism training and procure equipment for local law enforcement authorities.
- 27. Programs to improve the quality, timeliness, and credibility of forensic science services for criminal justice purposes.
- 28. Programs to enforce child abuse and neglect laws, including laws protecting against child sexual abuse, and promoting programs designed to prevent child abuse and neglect.
- 29. Programs to establish or support cooperative programs between law enforcement and media organizations to collect, record, retain, and disseminate information useful in the identification and apprehension of suspected criminal offenders.

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